NAG Toolbox for MATLAB

f07nu

1 Purpose

f07nu estimates the condition number of a complex symmetric matrix A, where A has been factorized by f07nr.

2 Syntax

3 Description

f07nu estimates the condition number (in the 1-norm) of a complex symmetric matrix A:

$$\kappa_1(A) = ||A||_1 ||A^{-1}||_1.$$

Since A is symmetric, $\kappa_1(A) = \kappa_{\infty}(A) = ||A||_{\infty} ||A^{-1}||_{\infty}$.

Because $\kappa_1(A)$ is infinite if A is singular, the function actually returns an estimate of the **reciprocal** of $\kappa_1(A)$.

4 References

Higham N J 1988 FORTRAN codes for estimating the one-norm of a real or complex matrix, with applications to condition estimation ACM Trans. Math. Software 14 381–396

5 Parameters

5.1 Compulsory Input Parameters

1: **uplo – string**

Indicates how A has been factorized.

$$uplo = 'U'$$

$$A = PUDU^{\mathrm{T}}P^{\mathrm{T}}$$
, where U is upper triangular.

$$uplo = 'L'$$

$$A = PLDL^{\mathrm{T}}P^{\mathrm{T}}$$
, where L is lower triangular.

Constraint: uplo = 'U' or 'L'.

2: a(lda,*) - complex array

The first dimension of the array \mathbf{a} must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$

The second dimension of the array must be at least $max(1, \mathbf{n})$

Details of the factorization of A, as returned by f07nr.

3: ipiv(*) - int32 array

Note: the dimension of the array **ipiv** must be at least $max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

Details of the interchanges and the block structure of D, as returned by f07nr.

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4: anorm – double scalar

The 1-norm of the **original** matrix A, which may be computed by calling Missing 'id'. **anorm** must be computed either **before** calling f07nr or else from a copy of the original matrix A.

Constraint: **anorm** ≥ 0.0 .

5.2 Optional Input Parameters

1: n - int32 scalar

Default: The second dimension of the array a The dimension of the array ipiv.

n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint: $\mathbf{n} \geq 0$.

5.3 Input Parameters Omitted from the MATLAB Interface

lda, work

5.4 Output Parameters

1: rcond - double scalar

An estimate of the reciprocal of the condition number of A. **rcond** is set to zero if exact singularity is detected or the estimate underflows. If **rcond** is less than **machine precision**, A is singular to working precision.

2: info - int32 scalar

info = 0 unless the function detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the function:

```
info = -i
```

If info = -i, parameter i had an illegal value on entry. The parameters are numbered as follows:

```
1: uplo, 2: n, 3: a, 4: lda, 5: ipiv, 6: anorm, 7: rcond, 8: work, 9: info.
```

It is possible that **info** refers to a parameter that is omitted from the MATLAB interface. This usually indicates that an error in one of the other input parameters has caused an incorrect value to be inferred.

7 Accuracy

The computed estimate **rcond** is never less than the true value ρ , and in practice is nearly always less than 10ρ , although examples can be constructed where **rcond** is much larger.

8 Further Comments

A call to f07nu involves solving a number of systems of linear equations of the form Ax = b; the number is usually 5 and never more than 11. Each solution involves approximately $8n^2$ real floating-point operations but takes considerably longer than a call to f07ns with one right-hand side, because extra care is taken to avoid overflow when A is approximately singular.

The real analogue of this function is f07mg.

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9 Example

[NP3663/21] f07nu.3 (last)